CS 70 Discrete Mathematics and Probability Theory Summer 2021 Dis $05\mathrm{C}$

1 Ball in Bins

You are throwing k balls into n bins. Let X_i be the number of balls thrown into bin i.

(a) What is $\mathbb{E}[X_i]$?

(b) What is the expected number of empty bins?

(c) Define a collision to occur when a ball lands in a non-empty bin (if there are n balls in a bin, count that as n-1 collisions). What is the expected number of collisions?

2 Variance

If the random variables are independent, we could just sum up the variances individually. If not, we generally use this technique that we will show in this problem. This problem will give you practice to compute the variance of a sum of random variables that are not pairwise independent. Recall that $Var(X) = \mathbb{E}[X^2] - \mathbb{E}[X]^2$.

(a) A building has n floors numbered 1, 2, ..., n, plus a ground floor G. At the ground floor, m people get on the elevator together, and each gets off at a uniformly random one of the n floors (independently of everybody else). What is the expected number of floors the elevator stops at (not counting the ground floor)?

(b) What is the *variance* of the number of floors the elevator *does not* stop at? (In fact, the variance of the number of floors the elevator *does* stop at must be the same (make sure you understand why), but the former is a little easier to compute.)

3 Covariance

We have a bag of 5 red and 5 blue balls. We take two balls uniformly at random from the bag without replacement. Let X_1 and X_2 be indicator random variables for the first and second ball being red. What is $cov(X_1, X_2)$? Recall that $cov(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}[XY] - \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y]$.